Proposed by C. Pinthip,1970 Revised by: P. Vijarnsorn and staffs, 1988 W. Sirichuaychoo, 2004

Field Symbol: Ptu

PATHIO SERIES

Distribution: Small extent in Peninsular Thailand and some areas in Southeast Coast of Thailand.

- **Setting:** Pathio soils derived from fine grain clastic rocks namely shale, phyllite or equivalent rocks and occurred on denudation surface. Relief is gently undulating to undulating. Slope ranges from 2 to 12 percent. The climate is Tropical Monsoon (Koppen 'Am'). Annual precipitation is from 1,800 to 3,000 mm. Average annual temperature is from 26 °C to 28°C.
- **Drainage, Permeability and Surface Runoff:** Drainage is well drained, permeability is estimated to be moderate and surface runoff is medium. The ground water level is below 2 m for most of the year.
- **Vegetation and Land Use:** Originally, Tropical Evergreen Forest. Parts are cleared for para rubber, oil palm or fruit trees. Abandoned areas revert to low secondary shrubs and grass (Imperata cylindrica).
- Characteristic Profile Features: The Pathio series is a member of the fine, kaolinitic, isohyperthermic Typic Kandiudults (soil taxonomy, 2003). They are very deep soils and are characterized by a dark brown or dark reddish brown sandy loam surface or A horizon overlying a red sandy clay loam grading to sandy clay or clay kandic B horizon. Very strongly acid to moderately acid, reaction values range from 5.0 to 6.0.
- **Typifying Pedon:** Pathio sandy loam fruit trees and low shrubs with *Imperata cylindrica* undergrowth, from Moo Ban Khao Lang, Amphoe Lang Suan, Changwat Chumphon, 1 to 2 percent slopes.
- **Profile Code Number:** S-58/21, described by Pisoot Vijarnsorn, 13 February 1970 (moist colors unless otherwise stated).

Horizon	Depth (cm)	Description
Α	0-5	Dark reddish brown (5YR3/4) sandy loam; weak fine granular structure; soft, slightly sticky and nonplastic; few fine interstitial and tubular pores; common fine and medium roots; common fine animal holes; moderately acid (field pH 6.0); clear wavy boundary.
AB	5-20	Dark red (2.5YR3/6) fine sandy clay loam; weak fine granular structure; very friable, slightly sticky and slightly plastic; common fine interstitial and tubular pores; common fine animal holes; common fine roots; moderately acid (field pH 6.0); clear smooth, boundary.
Bt1	20-34	Red (2.5YR4/6) very fine sandy clay; weak fine to medium subangular blocky structure; friable, sticky and plastic; patchy thin cutan along ped faces; many fine interstitial and tubular pores; common fine roots; moderately acid (field pH 6.0); clear smooth, boundary.
Bt2	34-100 ⁺	Red (2.5YR4/6) very fine sandy clay; weak fine to medium subangular blocky structure; friable, sticky and plastic; distinct cutan along ped faces and animal holes; common fine interstitial and tubular pores; common fine roots; moderately acid (field pH 6.0).

Type Location:

Name of district, Amphoe Pathio, Changwat Chumphon.

Range of Profile Features:

The surface or A horizon sandy loam, is from 5 to 10 cm in thickness and has 10YR, 7.5YR or 5YR hues, values 3 to 4 and chromas 2 to 4. The structure is weak fine granular. Texture of

sandy clay loam may occur. Moderately acid to slightly acid, reaction values range from 6.0 to 6.5.

The lower A or upper B horizon has values of 4 to 5 and chromas 6 to 8 in 5YR hue. Texture may be sandy loam or sandy clay loam. Moderately acid to slightly acid, reaction values range from 6.0 to 6.5.

The argillic B horizon clay or sandy clay, has 2.5YR or 10R hues, values 2 to 4 and chromas 6 to 8. Structure is weak and moderate fine to medium blocky. Very strongly acid to strongly acid, reaction values range from 5.0 to 5.5.

Similar Soil Series:

Ao Luek series (Ak): very-fine, kaolinitic, isohyperthermic Rhodic Kandiudox, dark red colors (2.5YR or 10R, values < 3 and chroma 2 to 6.

Principal Associated Soils:

These include Khlong Thom, Fang Daeng and Sadao series.

Khlong Thom series (Km): fine-loamy, kaolinitic, isohyperthermic Typic Kandiudults.

Fang Daeng series (Fd): fine-loamy, kaolinitic, isohyperthermic Rhodic Kandiudults.

Sadao series (Sd): coarse-loamy, kaolinitic, isohyperthermic Typic Kandiudults.

ANALYSIS RESULTS (oven dry basis)

Profile code No.: S-58/21
Soil series: Pathio series (Ptu)

Lab	Depth	Horizon	Particle size distribution analysis (% by weight)									Texture		рН		P, mg kg ⁻¹	K, mg kg ⁻¹
No.	(cm)		USDA grading			Sand-fraction grading					Lab	Field	1:1 -	1:1	%	Bray 2	NH₄OAc
	\mathbf{V}		sand	silt	clay	VC	С	m	f	vf	result	estim ⁿ	water	KCI			
Pd-679	0-5	Α	60.0	31.0	9.0		1	13			sl	sl	6.4	6.0	1.1	11.3	241
Pd-680	5-20	AB	58.0	28.0	14.0		77			3((sl	scl	5.0	4.4	0.0	3.1	104
Pd-681	20-34	Bt1	47.0	20.0	33.0	1		/			scl	SC	4.9	3.9	0.3	3.7	63
Pd-682	34-100+	Bt2	30.0	18.0	52.0	7	M			7	С	SC	4.9	3.7	0.6	3.1	30

Depth	Air dried	С	N	Exchange capacity and cations (cmol ₍₊₎ kg ⁻¹)									Base satur ⁿ (%)		ECEC	Al	Electrical
(cm)	to	%	%		6			SUM	Extr.	SUM	CEC	CEC	B/Cx100	(Bx100)/	cmol ₍₊₎ kg ⁻¹	KCI extr.	condut ^y
	oven dried	\star		Ca	Mg	K	Na	cations	acidity	(B+A)	NH₄OAc	100g		(B+A)	(B+D)	cmol ₍₊₎ kg ⁻¹	(ECx10 ⁶)
								(B)	(A)		(C)	Clay	- //			(D)	dS m ⁻¹
0-5	2.9	4.40		19.50	2.60	0.30	0.20	22.60	7.80	30.40	22.1	245.6	100	74			0.30
5-20	0.9	0.69		1.80	0.50	0.20	0.20	2.70	5.70	8.40	4.9	35.0	55	32			0.11
20-34	1.2	0.39		1.80	0.60	0.10	0.10	2.60	8.60	11.20	5.7	17.3	46	23			0.03
34-100+	1.9	0.19		0.90	0.40	0.10	0.10	1.50	9.00	10.50	7.7	14.8	19	14			0.02

Surveyor: P. Vijarnsorn

Reported by: W. Sirichuaychoo

Date: Feb. 13, 1970 Date: Nov. 24, 1998